

BOOK 1-15
EXERCISES



KJELL JOHANSSON
WWW.NATUR-FISKE.SE



Leader Linné Småland



Europeiska jordbruksfonden för
landsbygdsutveckling. Europa
investerar i landsbygdsområden

EXERCISES FOR THE NATURE-FISHING E-BOOK SERIES

Since the fifteen e-books provide training in sport fishing for pike, zander and perch and a tutorial for nature tourists, we thought it would be appropriate to include exercises for the books. They are available in two versions, this one with writing lines can be printed and the other which has the same format as the books. They are available in English and Swedish and can be downloaded free of charge from www.natur-fiske.se and can be copied freely.

The books are a complete course and should inspire you to try other methods than you normally use and also to sharpen your knowledge of your favorite method. The tips can be used in Sweden and in any other country. As I have also studied walleye, there are lots to learn also about that species.

We have written the books for everyone, from complete beginners to specialists using any fishing method. The exercises are aimed somewhat more at young people, but can be solved by everyone. The idea is that since there is so much knowledge in the books, this needs to be processed and discussed. Reading the books is of course the most important thing. You can start with one and if you think it was good, you choose to read more.

Reading is important for children and young people and they can either read the books themselves or they can read them together with an adult, maybe with grandfather if they fish with him.

The material is also suitable for use in school, perhaps for those interested in fishing who do not like to read books. In study circles it fits perfectly. You do not need permission from us for this, but you download the books or borrow them as e-books from the library. If you choose to buy them, you keep the book files forever and you can read the book again if the tips don't work the first time.

There is no key to the exercises, so you have to look up the correct answers in the books, if you don't remember it. There are also "open", more personal questions where you can answer as you like.

On the website, there are links to the social media we are on and from there you can communicate with me and ask questions. There will also be an invitation to the practical fishing courses we will arrange with the books as "teaching aids".

CONTENT, EXERCISES

1 Fishing in Sweden	4-5
2 Fishing with the Family	6-7
3 Trolling 1	8-9
4 Trolling 2	10-11
5 The Biting Times of Pike	12-13
6 Pike Fishing	14-15
7 The Biting Times of Zander/Walleye	16-17
8 Zander Fishing	18-19
9 Zander in the Dark	20-21
10 Perch Fishing	22-23
11 More Pike-, Zander- and Perch Fishing	24-25
12 Vertical Fishing	26-27
13 Catch a Big One	28-29
14 Spin Fishing	30-31
15 Nature Holidays in Sweden	32-33

EXERCISES BOOK 1 FISHING IN SWEDEN



1 Why is it easy to fish in Sweden? _____

2 How has fishing in the our lakes changed over the years? _____

3 What do you need to have to be allowed to fish? _____

4 Where are zander to be found? _____

5 Where are grayling and char common? _____

6 Why were the fishing administration areas (FVO) formed? _____

7 What fishing methods do you use? _____

8 Which ones would you like to try? _____

9 What can you get help with in a fishing shop? _____

10 What can be found on Sportfiskeguide.se? _____

11 Each fishing area determines its own fishing regulations. Why do these rules exist?

12 What do *Sportfiskarna* do? _____

13 What does a *fisketillsyningsman* do? _____

14 What is so good about catch-and-release? _____

Right or wrong.

15 If you buy a fishing license in a fishing area, you can fish

a) with nets. _____

b) for crayfish. _____

c) with a spinning rod. _____

d) in all lakes in Sweden. _____

16 You must know the rules that apply in the lake you fish in. _____

17 In many fishing areas, children are allowed to fish for free. _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

18 There are zander in all lakes in Sweden. _____

19 All fishing areas have the same rules. _____

20 All fishing areas rent out boats. _____

21 Fishing areas have people employed. _____

BOOK 2 FISHING WITH THE FAMILY



1 What are the fish called?

2 What would you like to do in nature?

Walk on a path. ___ Cycle on a forest road. ___ Paddle ___ Sleep in a tent ___

Try SUP ___ Pick mushrooms ___ Pick berries. ___ See... a deer ___ an elk ___

a fox ___ a bear ___.

Make a fire ____. Cook _____.

3 What fish have you caught? _____

4 What fish do you want to catch? _____

5 How do you usually fish? _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

6 Fishing is only for adults. _____

7 When fishing for perch, the float must be large. _____

8 If you use a big hook, the fish get stuck more easily. _____

9 The line on your fishing rod should be thick. _____

10 Dough and maggots are thrown out to feed the fish. _____

Finish the sentences.

11 Having a boat is good because _____

12 Vases are built to _____

13 The best fishing methods by a vase are _____

14 Setting the anchor is good because _____

15 When you fish with children _____

16 It is great to use surface lures when practicing casting because _____

17 Children do normally not need a fishing license if _____

18 On a sonar you can see _____

19 The easiest way to get a fish into the boat is with a _____

20 Before walking out on the ice, you must know that _____



BOOK 3 TROLLING 1



Bite on a free rod. The side planer attached to another rod is seen to the left.

Finish the sentences.

1 Trolling is a good method because _____

2 For trolling you need _____

3 You use side planers to _____

4 If you want to troll shallow, you can _____

5 What you can change while trolling are _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

6 All the fish you see on the sonar will bite. _____

- 7 All fish that see a wobbler will bite. _____

- 8 You must have a sonar when fishing. _____

- 9 You must have a trolling rod to try trolling. _____

- 10 You must use a braided line. _____

- 11 No leaders are needed. _____

- 12 You never catch anything without side planers. _____

- 13 Always navigate in a straight line. _____

- 14 Keep trolling at the same speed. _____

- 15 You get a lot of zander bites if you go fast. _____

- 16 Always fish for zander at the same depth. _____

- 17 If you troll more slowly, the chances of catching perch increase. _____



BOOK 4 TROLLING 2



1 Why is the bait the most important thing when you troll/fish? _____

2 Why are floating wobblers the best? _____

3 How big a bait fish can predators swallow? _____

4 What size wobblers are suitable for pike trolling? _____

5 How can you improve a wobbler? _____

6 How can you determine if a wobbler works shallow or deep? _____

7 How can you change how deep a wobbler works? _____

8 Which is the easiest way, according to Kjell? _____

9 How does a bottom bouncer work? _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

10 All wobblers normally get the same number of hits. _____

11 All colours get roughly the same number of hits. _____

12 The bigger the wobbler, the more bites. _____

13 A wobbler works at the same depth no matter what line you use. _____

14 All wobblers work at the same depth. _____

15 Always cast out your trolling wobbler. _____

16 Have you ever had a bad snag? _____

17 What happened? _____

18 Right or wrong if you get a snag when trolling.

_____ Immediately pull the line as hard as you can.

_____ Go on in the same direction and the wobbler will come off.

_____ Drive back and try to release the wobbler from the other side.

_____ Keep the line taut at all times.

_____ Make small jerks and let the line loose from time to time.

_____ Tighten the line and quickly release it.

19 What is this? How do you use it and what can it be good for? _____



BOOK 5 THE BITING TIMES OF PIKE



1 How much did the pike weigh and how long was it? _____

2 What problem did Niclas and Jörgen have? _____

3 How did they catch the pike? _____

4 It was mild this day. Why was that positive? _____

5 What was new in the book "Nu hugger gäddan!?" _____

6 What test methods did we use? _____

7 Who was Nanny and what happened to her? _____

8 Why is it an advantage to know when pike bite? _____

9 How long were the biting periods we found when we fished on the ice? _____

10 Why did Roland get pikes while we had very few? _____

11 How long time can pass between two meals? _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

12 Pike only eat during the biting periods. _____

13 All pike eat twice a day. _____

14 Pike eat just as much in summer and winter. _____

15 If you are going to fish for pike on ice, you'd better start around 12 o'clock. _____

16 The biting periods only apply to ice fishing and trolling. _____

Finish the sentences.

17 In Småland and the rest of the country, the chances of catching pike are good because _____

18 On *Fiskekartan.se* you can find _____

19 Curt Lindhé believed that the biting times in winter _____

20 We caught many more pike ice fishing than trolling because _____

BOOK 6 PIKE FISHING



1 How do you usually fish for pike? _____

2 What pike baits do you use? _____

3 Why can the biting periods in a lake be very short? _____

4 What time of day should you ice fish for pike? _____

5 At what times is pike fishing in open water best in winter? _____

6 What is important when boat fishing in winter? _____

Right or wrong?

7 A pike always succeeds in catching the fish it tries to take. _____

8 If it misses, it will try again after a while. _____

9 Days when pike hunt all day are rare. _____

10 Pike can attack each other. _____

11 In summer, about as many pike hunt in the morning as in the evening.

12 You can also make use of the biting periods when spinning. _____

13 In cold water your lures should move slowly. _____

Finish the sentences.

14 It is exciting to fish for pike because _____

15 The pike method I would like to try is _____

16 The best photo in the book is on page _____.

17 I like it because _____

Pike; words and expressions. Combine correctly.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| A Bait named after the way it moves | _____ <i>dragrodd</i> |
| B Classic spoon from ABU Garcia | v b_____ float |
| C 100 cm great predator | _____ ice fishing |
| D Pike fishing with rod and reel | _____ snag |
| E Jig from Kanal Gratis | _____ hooks |
| F Pike fishing with a motor | _____ trolling |
| G Pike fishing with oars | _____ Flatnose Dragon |
| H Pike method with a strange hook | _____ jig |
| I Needed for slow trolling | _____ wobbler |
| J Soft pike bait with lead head | _____ spinning |
| K Pike fishing with short rods | _____ Atom |
| L Not what you want | _____ <i>angelfiske</i> |
| M On all baits | _____ meter pike |



BOOK 7 THE BITING TIMES OF ZANDER



1 After his first zander experience, Kjell thought he was the king of zander fishing. Why was he wrong? _____

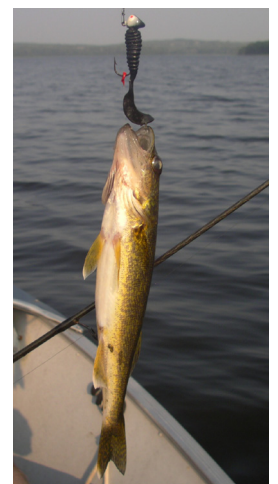
2 Kjell saw something in Martin's boat. How were they used? _____

4 Which method did Kjell use in open water? _____

5 How could he use more than two rods? _____

6 How did the fish move in Scherer's experiment? _____

7 What did Ryder notice during his dives? _____



Walleye

8 When did Kelso catch walleye in his nets? _____

9 How well did the scientific studies on walleye agree with Kjell's zander studies?

10 How can walleye and zander catch fish so easily at dawn and dusk?

11 Describe the catch results in the Netherlands with respect to time. _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

12 You must have a light meter when fishing for zander. _____

13 Zander bite every evening when the lux number is right. _____

14 Zander swim deeper and further from land in low light. _____

15 The biting times of pike are the same also in zander lakes. _____

16 Kjell believes that you can catch just as many zander during the day. _____

Finish the sentences.

17 You can catch zander outside the periods, but _____

18 Kjell soon noticed that during the day it was _____

19 Most zander hit the bait _____

20 Do you want to try fishing at dawn or dusk? Why? Why not? _____

BOOK 8 ZANDER FISHING



1 With which method(s) have you fished for zander? _____

2 How have your catches been? _____

3 Why are zander popular in Sweden? _____

4 When is the zander's digestion time shortest? _____

5 Why are so many zander stomachs empty? _____

6 What methods do zander use to catch their prey? _____

7 What type of prey fish do walleye prefer? _____

8 Do you agree with Kjell on this regarding what is most important in a wobbler?

Pike

Zander

1. Action

1. Action

2. Color

2. Size

3. Size

3. Color

9 Why/why not? _____

10 Do you have a color that works better than others?

10 Do you have a wobbler that catches a lot? _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

11 There are zander in all lakes in Sweden. _____

12 Zander eat a lot of pike. _____

13 Zander have to eat every day, just like people. _____

14 The zander's teeth are turned outwards. _____

15 When trolling, the rod tip bends quickly when a zander bites. _____

16 When ice fishing and float fishing, zander at once swim away with the prey fish.

17 When trolling for zander, the boat should be driven quickly with the petrol engine.

Finish the sentences.

18 Zander don't like perch and bream because _____

19 If you find a wobbler that gets many bites _____

20 What you can vary during float fishing from a boat is _____

BOOK 9 ZANDER IN THE DARK

1 How do walleye react when it gets dark? _____

2 How does their digestion vary during the year? _____

3 What was the conclusion after the night fishing? _____

4 Why is Kjell a little doubtful about whether this always applies? _____

5 What is the similarity between Kjell's night fishing on ice and in a boat?

6 Why was Kjell disappointed after his conversation with the fisherman Stefan?

7 What did he learn on August 8? _____

8 What is the similarity between Stefan's catch and Daniel's/Kjell's experience on the ice? _____

9 What did Kjell believe when he had fished at night on the ice and in the boat?

This is wrong. Explain why.

10 All zander that rise in the water at dusk intend to eat. _____

11 50 years ago there was great variation in zander fishing methods. _____

12 During Kjell's ice fishing at night, most of the zander hit in the morning.

Finish the sentences.

13 One should not use as many rods as Kjell did during the test night because _____

14 During 6 hours in the dark in the boat _____

15 David and Kjell caught a large walleye 70 minutes after sunset. It may indicate that

16 Per explained to Kjell that _____

17 Daniel and Kjell experienced a biting frenzy in the dark. They were lucky because

18 Would you like to try night fishing? _____

19 Why, why not? _____



BOOK 10 PERCH FISHING



Perch specialist Tobias Håkansson measures, weighs, photographs and releases all his fish and of course big ones like this.

1 Why is it advisable to choose perch when you want to start fishing?

2 In what places in a lake can perch be found most easily? _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

3 Perch always swim alone. _____

4 Reel in the bait slowly and evenly. _____

5 A net is not needed when fishing for perch. _____

6 Always fish with the same bait color. _____

7 Stay in the same place even if it stops biting there. _____

Finish the sentences.

8 If no perch hits the spinner or jig _____

- 9 When you "*pimplar*", you use _____

- 10 It is called "walking the dog" because the bait _____

- 11 Two reasons why Kjell did not succeed in perch fishing were that _____

- 12 In deep water, perch are often found _____

- 13 On a sonar, large perch can look like _____
- 14 On the surface of the water, you can sometimes see where perch can be by _____

- 15 Two ways of marking the position of a school of perch is, are to _____

- 16 Casting from an anchored boat is good for _____

- 17 Maciej had two zander because he had _____

- 18 The two vertical methods Kjell uses when fishing for perch are _____

- 19 A researcher believes that the hunting times of perch are in _____ and
in _____
- 20 Kjell thinks it is tricky to tell exactly when perch will hunt because _____

- 21 Kjell has noticed that the best weather for perch fishing is _____

- 22 Christoffer recommends three spinners: _____

- 23 Andreas and Kjell discovered perch by _____

- 24 Jan's combination bait consisted of _____

BOOK 11 MORE PIKE-, ZANDER- & PERCH FISHING



Kjell shows his Linder 440 Fishing, equipment and give fishing tips.

What do you think of the methods after reading about them? Explain why.

1 Jig trolling for pike _____

2 Jig trolling for zander _____

3 Baitfish trolling _____

4 Clucking for perch _____

5 Ice fishing _____

6 Float fishing and slow trolling _____

7 Why should you use a stiff rod when jig trolling? _____

8 What are the differences between jig trolling for pike and zander? _____

9 When is the best time to jig troll for zander? _____

10 Why did Roland catch fish but my "professional" equipment didn't work? _____

11 How should the bait fish be attached when float fishing and slow trolling? _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

13 Frozen baitfish are best for baitfish trolling. _____

14 Perch clucking should be done where it's deep. _____

15 When ice fishing, one hand-held rod is used. _____

Finish the sentences.

16 To jig troll for pike you need _____

17 Move the rod tip up and down when jig trolling for zander but _____

18 Björn noticed that he had a pike on the hook because _____

19 Bait fish can be caught by _____



BOK 12 VERTICAL FISHING



Drift fishing vertically for catfish in Minnesota, USA.

1 Describe how Jörgen Larsson fished during "traditional" vertical fishing? _____

2 Why did he change jigs so frequently? _____

3 How come he caught many more zander than Kjell did? _____

4 What is meant by a "dead rod" and how is it used? _____

5 According to Geert and JanKees, what should Kjell get better at? _____

6 How should you behave when you have a bite on Fireball? _____

7 Why is a sonar necessary in pelagic vertical fishing? _____

8 Why do some pelagic fish at night? _____

9 What do you need for "everyman's vertical fishing"? _____

10 Have you tried fishing vertically? _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

11 The jig must be in motion at all times. _____

12 Kjell's guides in the Netherlands used bigger jigs than we do in Sweden. _____

13 They thought you could have the jig up in the water. _____

14 Drift fishing only works when fishing for zander. _____

15 Lower the jig a few centimeters above the pelagic fish. _____

Finish the sentences.

16 "Strike like hell" means that you must _____

17 Jörgen set out a marker buoy when _____

18 The difference between traditional vertical fishing and Fireball is that _____

19 A drift anchor is good for Fireball fishing because _____

20 In pelagic vertical fishing, you try to get _____

21 A "waypoint" is a _____



BOOK 13 CATCH A BIG ONE



Answer yes or no.

- 1 Are you one of those who wish to catch big fish? _____
- 2 Do you weigh the fish you catch? _____ Do you measure them? _____ Do you take pictures of them? _____ Do you publish the photos somewhere? _____
- 3 Do you know your personal best for pike, zander and perch. _____
- 4 Learning a lot about fishing increases the chances of catching a big one. _____
- 5 Do you have a good lake to fish in? _____
- 6 Kjell would have caught more big fish if he had always used big baits. _____
- 7 He is sure he would have received fewer bites then. _____
- 8 I'm often lucky when I fish. _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

- 9 Some fishermen know everything about fishing and don't need to learn more. _____

- 10 Special methods are needed to catch a big one. _____

- 11 All wobblers and bait colors are great. _____

12 Predatory fish can catch and swallow prey that is 60% of their own length. _____

Finish the sentences.

13 The chances of getting bites increase if you _____

14 I think big baits give _____

15 Luck may _____

16 To get a big fish you must _____

17 There are some big pike in the book. What was the weight of the 110 cm pike and the 127 cm pike. _____ kilos.

18 Why wasn't there a larger difference in weight between them? _____

19 What do you think the 128 cm pike that is the Swedish record (2022) looked like? _____

20 How much does a meter pike normally weigh? _____



21 How big a fish do you want to have caught in three years?

Pike _____

Perch _____

Zander _____

BOOK 14 SPIN FISHING



1 Is spin fishing your main method? _____

2 What baits do you use when spin fishing? _____

3 What's so fun about spin fishing? _____

4 What species of fish have you caught? _____

5 Where are most zander and pike to be found in summer and autumn? _____

6 Where must your spinning baits be when it's hot? _____

7 How does the Lazyman's method work? _____

8 How should you cast to find the perch? _____

9 How can you co-operate when spinning fishing? _____

10 Which of Christoffer's baits do you believe in the most? _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

11 When using the Lazyman's method, you raise and lower your rod. _____

12 Fishing pike really shallow is impossible. _____

13 Always start cranking as soon as the bait reaches the water. _____

14 You have to use a big bait to catch a pike. _____

15 It is only the bait that determines if you get a bite. _____

16 It doesn't matter how you move the rod tip. _____

Finish the sentences.

17 In winter and spring you should fish _____

18 If you want to fish pike deep, you should use _____

19 All spinning baits become more efficient _____

20 My favorite bait is _____

21 I would also like to try _____

BOOK 15 NATURE HOLIDAYS IN SWEDEN



1 What do you do outdoors? _____

2 Which of the activities covered in the book would you like to try? _____

3 Where have you spent a night? In a... shelter _____, tent _____, caravan _____, mobile home _____, summer house _____, hostel _____, hotel _____.

4 Which of the accommodations in the book do you want to try? _____

5 What wild animals have you seen (at the zoo does not count). Hedgehog _____, hare _____, beaver _____, fox _____, deer _____, moose _____, reindeer _____, bear _____, wolf _____, lynx. _____

6 Which would you like to see? _____

7 Which of the nature activities on the page. 23-36 have you tried? _____

8 Where do you bike? _____

9 How should one travel to be sustainable? _____

10 Who has the right to hunt? _____

This is wrong. Explain why.

11 It is forbidden to pick berries. _____

12 *Allemansrätten* gives you the right to camp in the forest for a week.

13 Fires can be made anywhere and at any time. _____

14 You can eat any kind of mushroom. _____

15 During a holiday in nature, you should have your mobile phone on at all times.

16 You have to sleep outdoors on a nature holiday. _____

Finish the sentences.

17 One reason why people are less outdoors can be _____

18 Beach protection means that _____

19 You can cook outdoors with _____

20 When picking mushrooms you should _____

21 The best time of day to see wild animals is _____

